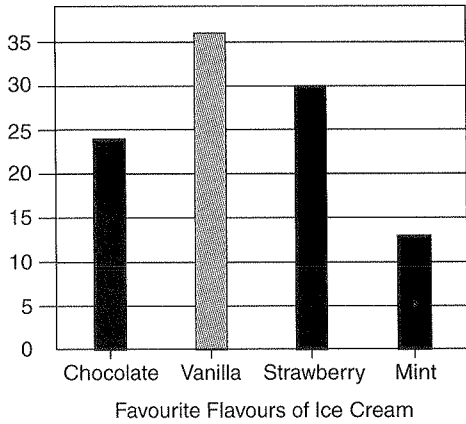


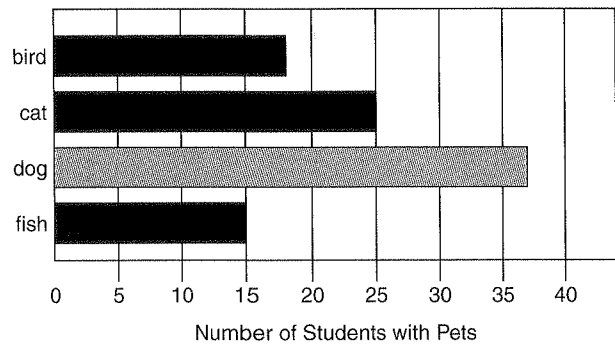
# Lesson 1 Bar Graphs

A **bar graph** compares information. The information is shown on the graph by bars.



This graph compares favourite flavours of ice cream.

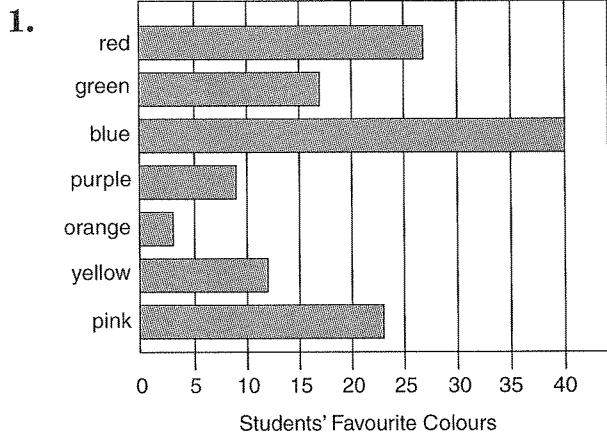
The bar for vanilla is the longest, so most people chose vanilla as their favourite flavour.



This graph compares what pets students have at home.

The bar for dogs is the longest. 37 students have pet dogs.

Read each graph and answer the questions.

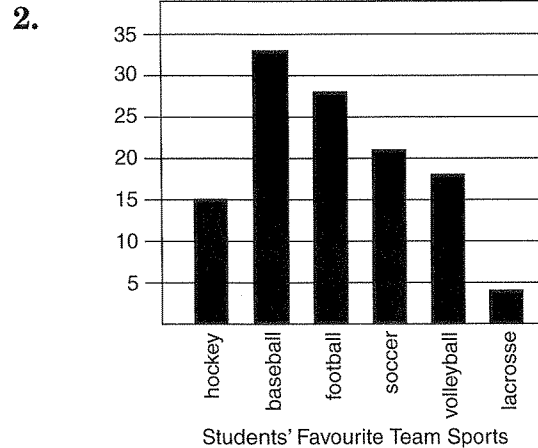


What is the favourite colour shown by the graph?

\_\_\_\_\_ is the favourite colour.

Which colour is the favourite colour of nine students?

\_\_\_\_\_ is the favourite colour of nine students.



What is the favourite sport shown by the graph?

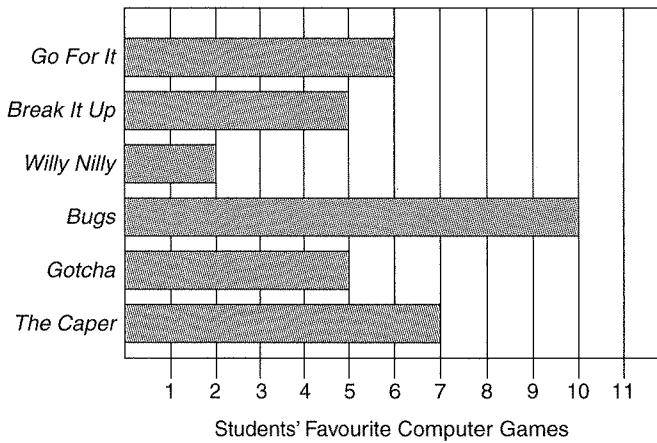
\_\_\_\_\_ is the favourite sport.

What is the least favourite sport?

\_\_\_\_\_ is the least favourite sport.

# Lesson 1 Problem Solving

Use the bar graph to answer each question.



1. What is the favourite computer game shown by the bar graph?

\_\_\_\_\_ is the favourite computer game.

2. How many students like the game *Go For It*?

\_\_\_\_\_ students like *Go For It*.

3. How many students like the game *Willy Nilly*?

\_\_\_\_\_ students like *Willy Nilly*.

4. How many more students like *The Caper* than *Willy Nilly*?

\_\_\_\_\_ more students like *The Caper*.

Use the bar graph to answer each question.

5. What creature can hold its breath the longest?

A \_\_\_\_\_ can hold its breath the longest.

6. How long can the average platypus hold its breath?

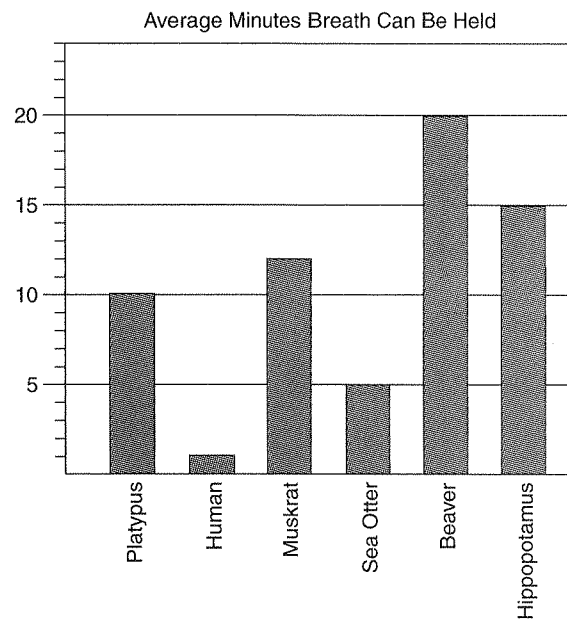
A platypus can hold its breath \_\_\_\_\_ min.

7. Which creature can hold its breath longer, a platypus or a muskrat?

A \_\_\_\_\_ can hold its breath longer.

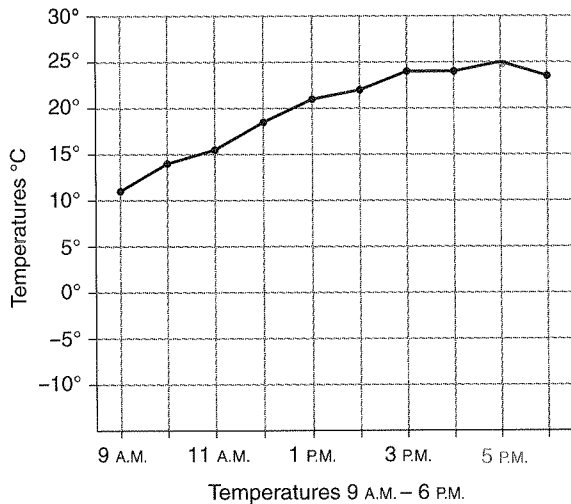
8. How much longer can a hippopotamus hold its breath than a sea otter?

A hippopotamus can hold its breath \_\_\_\_\_ min more than a sea otter.



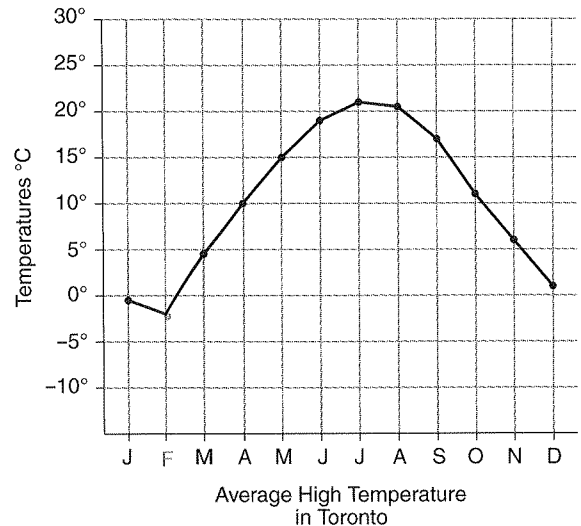
## Lesson 2 Line Graphs

A **line graph** shows how something changes over time. The information is shown on the graph by a line that connects points on the graph.



This graph shows how the temperature changed during one day.

The point for  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  is the highest point, so was at the highest temperature for the day was at 5 P.M.

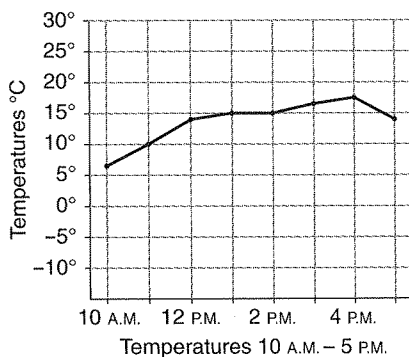


This graph shows the average temperature in Toronto for one year.

The point for February is the lowest, so that was the coldest month.

Study each graph and answer the questions.

1.



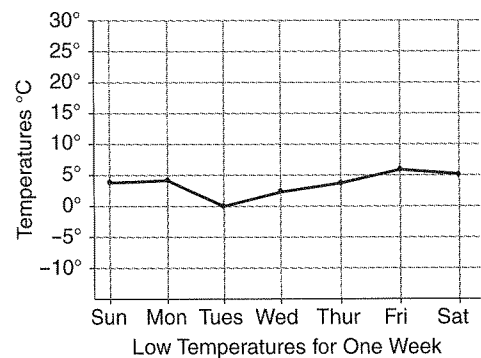
What is the highest temperature shown by the graph?

\_\_\_\_\_ is the highest temperature.

At what time was the temperature  $17^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?

\_\_\_\_\_

2.



What is the lowest temperature shown by the graph?

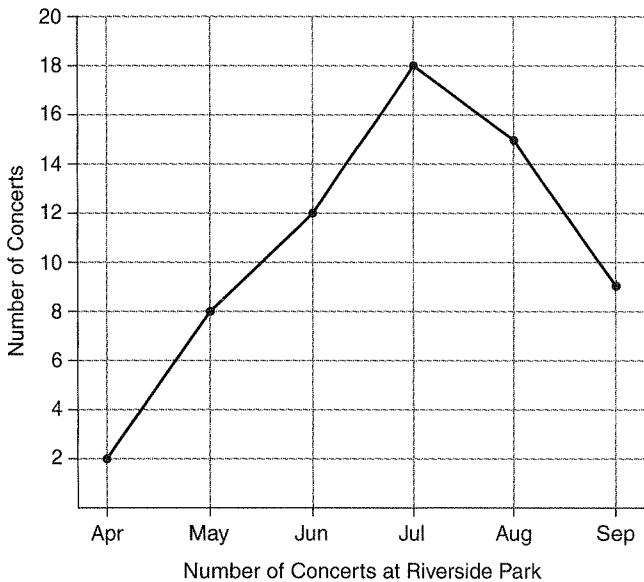
\_\_\_\_\_ is the lowest temperature.

What day had the highest temperature?

\_\_\_\_\_ had the highest temperature.

## Lesson 2 Problem Solving

Use the line graph to answer each question.



1. In which month were the most concerts held at Riverside Park?

The most concerts were held in \_\_\_\_\_.

2. How many concerts were held in August?

There were \_\_\_\_\_ concerts held in August.

3. How many more concerts were held in July than in April?

There were \_\_\_\_\_ more concerts in July.

Use the line graph to answer each question.

4. On which day did John swim the most laps?

He swam the most laps on \_\_\_\_\_.

5. How many laps did John swim on Tuesday?

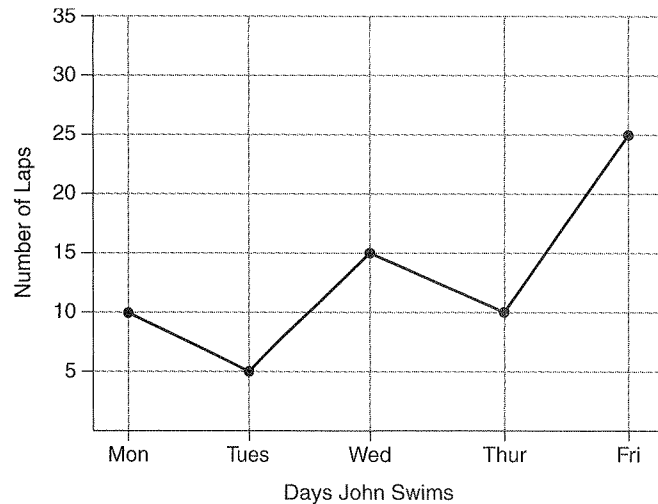
He swam \_\_\_\_\_ laps on Tuesday.

6. On which day did John swim the fewest laps?

He swam the fewest laps on \_\_\_\_\_.

7. How many more laps did John swim on Wednesday than he swam on Monday?

He swam \_\_\_\_\_ more laps on Wednesday.



## Lesson 3 Mean

The **mean** of a set of numbers is the sum of the numbers divided by the number of addends.

Find the mean of this set of numbers: 6, 7, 12, 16, 24.

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 16 \\ +24 \\ \hline 65 \end{array}$$

There are five addends.  
Divide by 5.

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 5 \overline{)65} \end{array}$$

The mean of this set of numbers is \_\_\_\_\_.

Find the mean of each set of numbers.

*a*

1. 5, 14, 17, 18, 21

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. 15, 18, 19, 25, 28, 33

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

3. 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

4. 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

5. 2, 3, 5, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9, 15

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

6. 104, 105, 112, 113, 116

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

7. 204, 237, 244, 259

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

*b*

- 25, 26, 27, 28, 29

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 23, 29, 36, 38, 41, 43

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 9, 13, 16, 17, 23, 25, 26, 31

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 3, 3, 5, 5, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 132, 144, 145, 147, 150, 152

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 21, 24, 25, 27, 32, 38, 39, 42

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

## Lesson 3 Problem Solving

Answer each question.

1. Marcia received marks of 98, 88, 95, and 83 on her math tests. What is Marcia's mean score?

The mean score is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. The following times were turned in at the obstacle course: 45 min, 52 min, 57 min, 49 min, 41 min, and 56 min. What is the mean time for running the obstacle course?

The mean time is \_\_\_\_\_ minutes.

3. Sheldon counted the number of fish in each tank at the pet store. He counted 32, 16, 44, 27, and 46 fish. What is the mean number of fish?

The mean number of fish is \_\_\_\_\_.

4. The chart shows the temperature at several times during the day. What was the mean temperature for the day?

8 A.M.	13°C	12 P.M.	24°C
9 A.M.	14°C	1 P.M.	24°C
10 A.M.	16°C	2 P.M.	25°C
11 A.M.	17°C	3 P.M.	22°C

The mean temperature was \_\_\_\_\_°C.

5. Jamal scored 21, 35, 10, 17 and 22 points in his last five basketball games. What is the mean number of points scored in his last five games?

The mean number of points is \_\_\_\_\_.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

## Lesson 4 Median, Mode, and Range

The **median** of a set of numbers is the middle number when the numbers are ordered from least to greatest.

5, 2, 8, 6, 4, 9, 2

2, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9

The median is 5.

The **mode** of a set of numbers is the number that occurs most often.

5, 2, 8, 6, 4, 9, 2

2, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9

The mode is 2.

The **range** of a set of numbers is the difference between the greatest number and the least number.

5, 2, 8, 6, 4, 9, 2

The greatest number is 9.  
The least number is 2.

$$9 - 2 = 7$$

The range is 7.

Find the median, mode, and range for each set of numbers.

*a*

*b*

*c*

1. 6, 2, 8, 9, 1, 3, 2

The median is \_\_\_\_\_.

The mode is \_\_\_\_\_.

The range is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. 5, 9, 3, 1, 8, 5, 7, 4, 12

The median is \_\_\_\_\_.

The mode is \_\_\_\_\_.

The range is \_\_\_\_\_.

3. 7, 3, 2, 9, 5, 6, 3, 1, 3, 7, 5

The median is \_\_\_\_\_.

The mode is \_\_\_\_\_.

The range is \_\_\_\_\_.

4. 3, 7, 5, 1, 7, 4, 6, 3, 8, 14, 23, 1, 7, 8, 7

The median is \_\_\_\_\_.

The mode is \_\_\_\_\_.

The range is \_\_\_\_\_.

5. 11, 6, 5, 2, 6, 13, 7, 6, 19, 8, 14, 6, 2, 4, 10

The median is \_\_\_\_\_.

The mode is \_\_\_\_\_.

The range is \_\_\_\_\_.

## Lesson 4 Problem Solving

Solve each problem.

1. The following scores were turned in by the Lions baseball team: 11, 9, 3, 0, 6, 7, 4, 9, and 5. What is the median number of runs the team scored?

The median number of runs scored is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. The following scores were turned in by the Panthers football team: 35, 7, 6, 21, 28, 14, 17, 28, and 9. What is the range of the team's scores?

The range of the scores is \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Dr. Berry noticed the following masses of rabbits that were brought to her office: 4 kg, 3 kg, 6 kg, 3 kg, 3 kg, 5 kg, 4 kg, 4 kg, 7 kg, and 4 kg. What is the mode of the masses?

The mode of the masses is \_\_\_\_\_ kg.

4. The Video Shack rented the following numbers of videos last week: Mon., 352; Tues., 244; Wed., 198; Thurs., 141; Fri., 378; Sat., 831; Sun., 211. What is the median number of movies rented?

The median number of videos rented is \_\_\_\_\_.

5. A survey found students watched the following numbers of hours of TV per week: 24, 12, 35, 28, 7, 21, 24, 31, 20, 19, and 15. What is the range of hours?

The range of hours is \_\_\_\_\_.

1.

2.

3.

4.

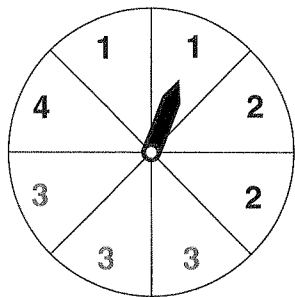
5.



## Lesson 5 Probability

Use a fraction to describe the **probability** of something happening.

What is the probability of spinning a 3 on this spinner?



There are eight possible outcomes of a spin: 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, and 4. Use the number of **outcomes** as the denominator of the fraction.

$$\frac{?}{8}$$

There are three ways to spin a 3. Use this number as the numerator of the fraction.

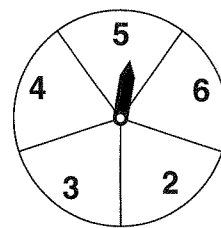
$$\frac{3}{8}$$

The probability of spinning a 3 is  $\frac{3}{8}$ .

Find each probability.

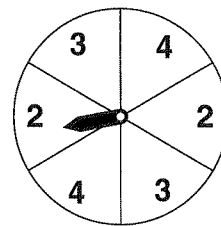
1. What is the probability of spinning a 6 on this spinner?

The probability of spinning a 6 is \_\_\_\_\_.



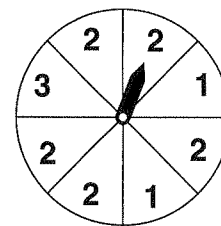
2. What is the probability of spinning a 4 on this spinner?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.



3. What is the probability of spinning a 2 on this spinner?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.



4. What is the probability of tossing a head on this coin?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.



## Lesson 5 Problem Solving

Find each answer.

1. Paul has five black socks and seven white socks in a drawer. If he reaches in and takes one sock without looking, what is the probability he will get a white sock?

The probability of getting a white sock is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Cayce planted four red roses, eight yellow roses, and six pink roses. What is the probability that a red rose will be the first to bloom?

The probability that a red rose blooms first is \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Darnell has six books about cars and eight books about spiders. If he takes one book off the shelf without looking, what is the probability he will get a book about spiders?

The probability he will pick a book about spiders is \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Ali collects rocks. His collection has 15 samples of quartz, seven samples of mica, and 12 samples of pyrite. If his cat knocks one rock off the shelf, what is the probability that it is a sample of mica?

The probability the cat will knock off a sample of mica is \_\_\_\_\_.

5. Karine has a bag with 14 blue marbles, six purple marbles, and five green marbles. If she closes her eyes and picks a marble, what is the probability that she chooses a purple marble?

The probability of picking a purple marble is \_\_\_\_\_.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

# CHAPTER 16 PRACTICE TEST

## Graphs and Probability

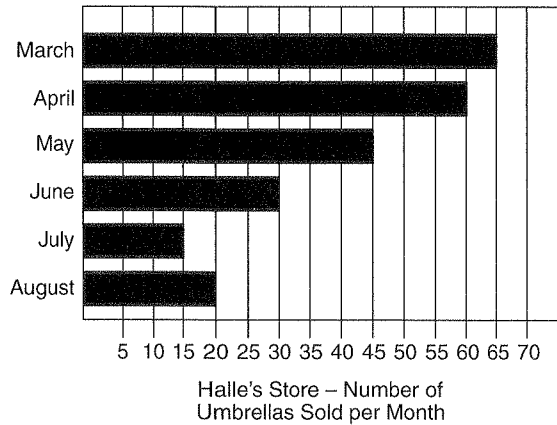
Use the bar graph to answer each question.

1. How many umbrellas did the store sell in July?

The store sold \_\_\_\_\_ umbrellas.

2. How many more umbrellas were sold in March than in August?

\_\_\_\_\_ more umbrellas were sold in March than in August.



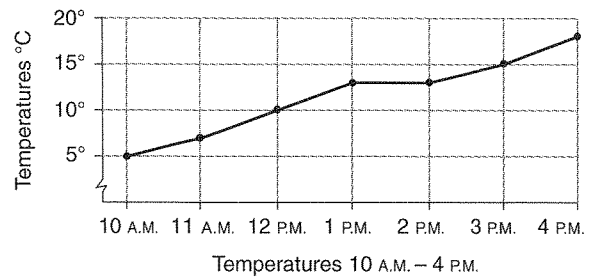
Use the line graph to answer each question.

3. What was the temperature at 12 P.M.?

The temperature was \_\_\_\_\_ °C.

4. How much did the temperature rise between 10 A.M. and 3 P.M.?

The temperature rose \_\_\_\_\_ degrees.



Find the mean of each set of numbers.

*a*

5. 2, 3, 7, 9, 13, 15, 21

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

*b*

- 37, 38, 41, 41, 41, 43, 47, 48, 51

The mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

Find the median of each set of numbers.

6. 4, 2, 7, 9, 3, 5, 7, 1, 5

The median is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 12, 15, 13, 18, 12, 19, 14, 14, 17

The median is \_\_\_\_\_.

## CHAPTER 16 PRACTICE TEST

### Graphs and Probability (continued)

Find the mode of each set of numbers.

*a*

7. 3, 7, 4, 5, 9, 3, 7, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 7

The mode is \_\_\_\_\_.

Find the range of each set of numbers.

8. 4, 7, 6, 8, 4, 9, 5, 7, 6

The range is \_\_\_\_\_.

Refer to the spinner. Find each probability.

9. What is the probability of spinning a 2?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.

10. What is the probability of spinning a 5?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.

11. What is the probability of spinning a 4?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.

12. What is the probability of spinning a 1?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.

13. What is the probability of spinning a 3?

The probability is \_\_\_\_\_.

*b*

14, 15, 17, 12, 14, 19, 15, 14, 17, 18, 11

The mode is \_\_\_\_\_.

67, 25, 94, 57, 25, 43, 66, 19

The range is \_\_\_\_\_.

